

## SILICON N-CHANNEL DUAL GATE MOS-FET

Depletion type field-effect transistor in a plastic X-package with source and substrate interconnected. Intended for UHF applications, such as UHF television tuners, with 12 V supply voltage and professional communication equipment.

This MOS-FET tetrode is protected against excessive input voltage surges by integrated back-to-back diodes between gates and source.

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

|   |             |              |                      |
|---|-------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Drain-source voltage  | $V_{DS}$    | max.         | 18 V                 |
| Drain current (DC)  | $I_D$       | max.         | 30 mA                |
| Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  | $P_{tot}$   | max.         | 225 mW               |
| Junction temperature  | $T_j$       | max.         | 150 $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Transfer admittance at $f = 1\text{ kHz}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}; V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$                                     | $ y_{fs} $  | typ.         | 19 mS                |
| Input capacitance at gate 1; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$   | $C_{ig1-s}$ | typ.<br>max. | 2.6 pF<br>3.0 pF     |
| Feedback capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}; V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$                                    | $C_{rs}$    | typ.         | 25 fF                |
| Noise figure at $G_S = 5\text{ mS}; B_S = B_S\text{ opt}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}; V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}; f = 800\text{ MHz}$ | F           | typ.         | 2.0 dB               |

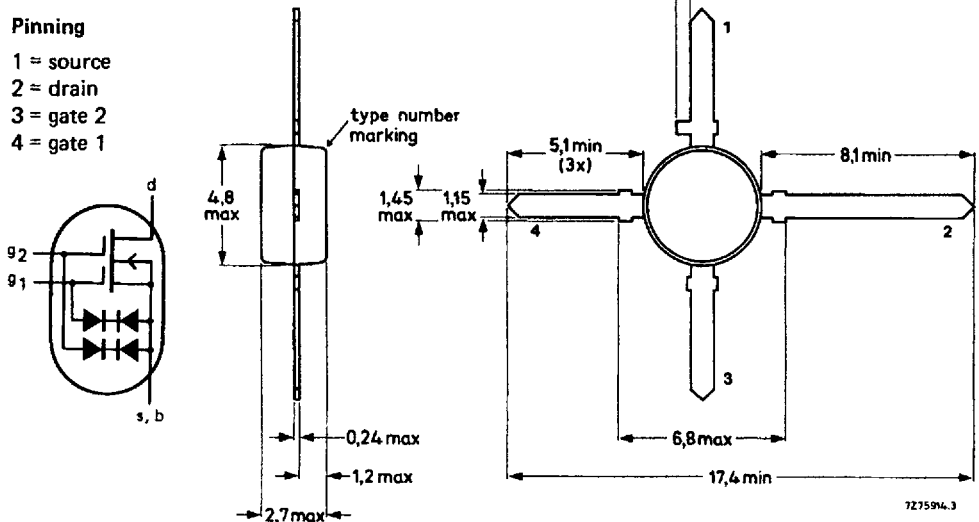
### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig.1 SOT103.

#### Pinning

- 1 = source
- 2 = drain
- 3 = gate 2
- 4 = gate 1



## RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

|  |                |      |  |
|--|----------------|------|--|
| Drain-source voltage   | $V_{DS}$       | max. | 18 V   |
| Drain current (DC or average)  | $I_D$          | max. | 30 mA  |
| Gate 1 - source current  | $\pm I_{G1-S}$ | max. | 10 mA  |
| Gate 2 - source current  | $\pm I_{G2-S}$ | max. | 10 mA  |
| Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $P_{tot}$      | max. | 225 mW                                       |
| Storage temperature range  | $T_{stg}$      |      | $-65\text{ to }+150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Junction temperature   | $T_j$          | max. | 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$                       |

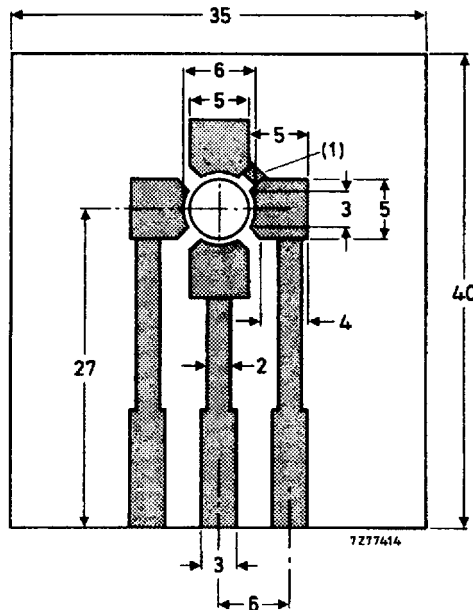
## THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air

mounted on the printed-circuit board (see Fig.2)

$$R_{thj-a} = 335\text{ K/W}$$

Dimensions in mm



(1) Connection made by a strip or Cu wire.

Fig.2 Single-sided 35  $\mu\text{m}$  Cu-clad epoxy fibre-glass printed-circuit board, thickness 1.5 mm. Tracks are fully tin-lead plated. Board in horizontal position for  $R_{th}$  measurement.

**STATIC CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Gate cut-off currents

$$\pm V_{G1-S} = 7\text{ V}; V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$$

$$\pm I_{G1-SS} \quad \text{max.} \quad 25\text{ nA}$$

$$\pm V_{G2-S} = 7\text{ V}; V_{G1-S} = V_{DS} = 0$$

$$\pm I_{G2-SS} \quad \text{max.} \quad 25\text{ nA}$$

Gate-source breakdown voltages

$$\pm I_{G1-SS} = 10\text{ mA}; V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$$

$$\pm V_{(BR)G1-SS} \quad 8\text{ to }20\text{ V}$$

$$\pm I_{G2-SS} = 10\text{ mA}; V_{G1-S} = V_{DS} = 0$$

$$\pm V_{(BR)G2-SS} \quad 8\text{ to }20\text{ V}$$

Gate-source cut-off voltages

$$I_D = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$$

$$-V_{(P)G1-S} \quad \text{min.} \quad 0.2\text{ V}$$

$$\text{max.} \quad 1.3\text{ V}$$

$$I_D = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}; V_{G1-S} = 0$$

$$-V_{(P)G2-S} \quad \text{min.} \quad 0.2\text{ V}$$

$$\text{max.} \quad 1.1\text{ V}$$

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Measuring conditions (common source):  $I_D = 10\text{ mA}; V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}; T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Transfer admittance at  $f = 1\text{ kHz}$

$$|y_{fs}| \quad \text{min.} \quad 18\text{ mS}$$

$$\text{typ.} \quad 19\text{ mS}$$

Input capacitance at gate 1;  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

$$C_{ig1-s} \quad \text{typ.} \quad 2.6\text{ pF}$$

$$\text{max.} \quad 3.0\text{ pF}$$

Feedback capacitance at  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

$$C_{rs} \quad \text{typ.} \quad 25\text{ fF}$$

$$\text{max.} \quad 35\text{ fF}$$

Output capacitance at  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

$$C_{os} \quad \text{typ.} \quad 1.1\text{ pF}$$

Noise figure at  $f = 800\text{ MHz}; G_S = 5\text{ mS}; B_S = B_S\text{ opt}$

$$F \quad \text{typ.} \quad 2.0\text{ dB}$$

$$\text{max.} \quad 3.0\text{ dB}$$

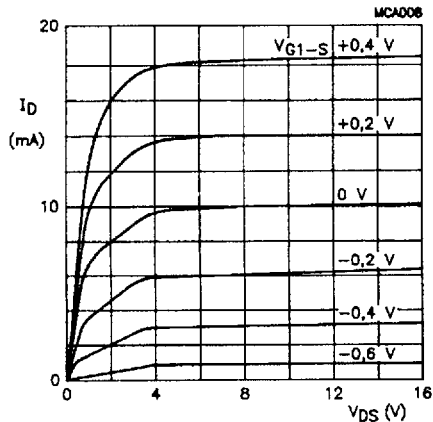


Fig.3 Output characteristics.  
 $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

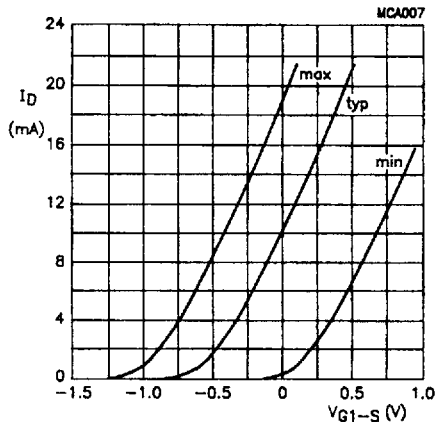


Fig.4 Transfer characteristics.  
 $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  
 $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

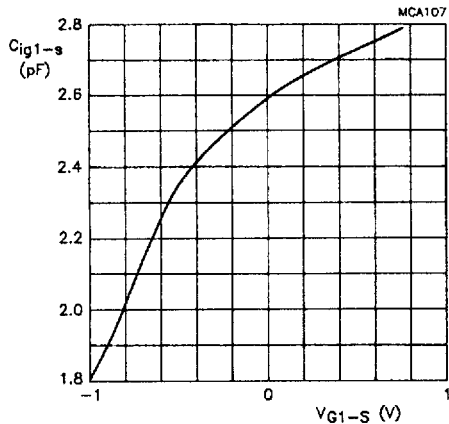


Fig.5 Gate 1 input capacitance as a function of gate 1 source voltage;  
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  
 $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

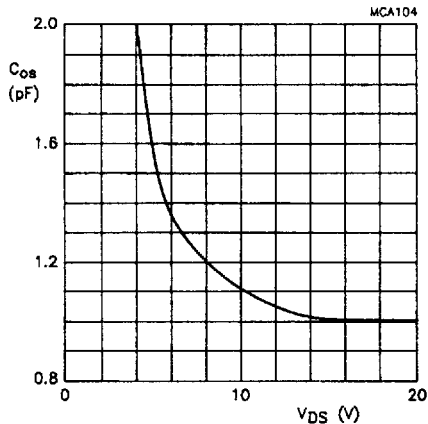


Fig.6 Output capacitance as a function of drain voltage;  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  
 $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  
 $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

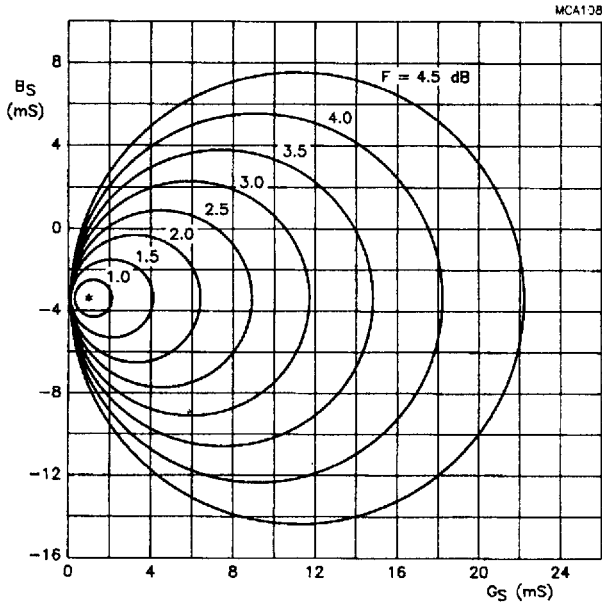


Fig.7 Circles of constant noise figures;  $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  
 $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{\text{DS}} = 10 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{\text{G2-S}} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_{\text{D}} = 10 \text{ mA}$ .

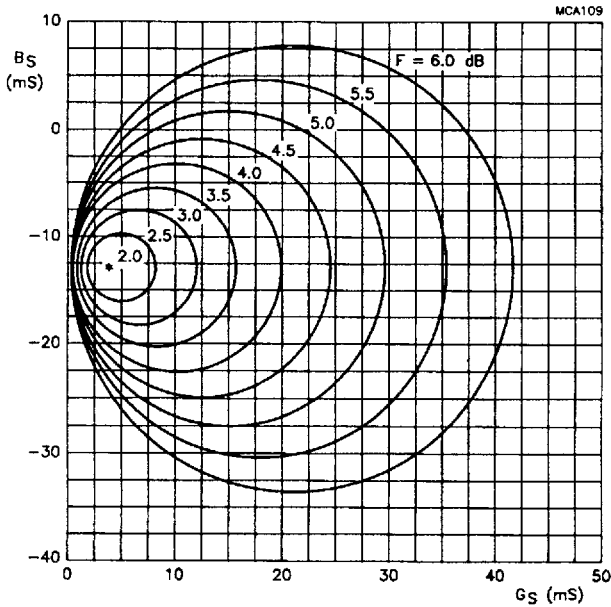


Fig.8 Circles of constant noise figures;  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  
 $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{\text{DS}} = 10 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{\text{G2-S}} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_{\text{D}} = 10 \text{ mA}$ .

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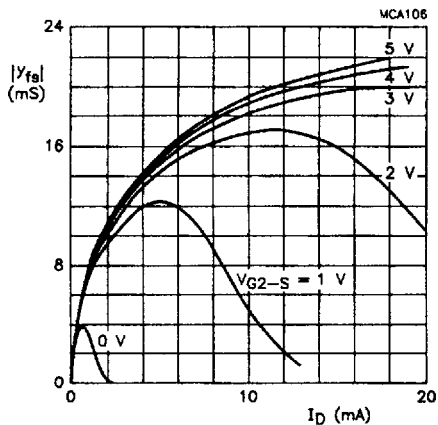


Fig.9 Forward transfer admittance as a function of drain current;  $f = 1$  kHz;  $V_{DS} = 10$  V;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C.

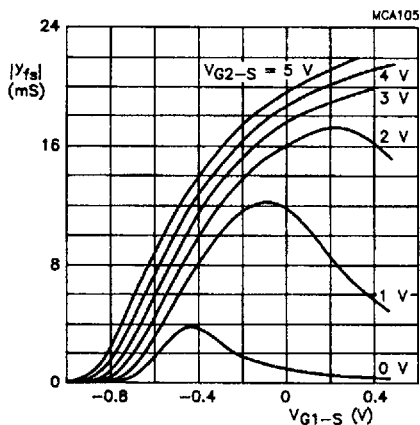


Fig.10 Forward transfer admittance as a function of gate 1 source voltage;  $f = 1$  kHz;  $V_{DS} = 10$  V;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C.